**运动系统解剖学（01.307.0.2）**

正常人体解剖学是研究正常人体形态结构的科学，是一门重要的医学基础学科，为其他各门医学课程打下基础，内容包括绪论、运动、消化、呼吸、泌尿、生殖、循环、内分泌、感觉器和神经九大系统，其中运动系统是九大系统之一。运动系统解剖学在教学中突出重要关节和主要肌肉、骨性和肌性标志、皮肤标志，这样能更好地为针灸取穴定位和推拿临床服务。

Human anatomy is a subject concerning the normal structure and formation of human body. It is the basal course of medical science and lays the foundation for all other medical courses. The contents include 9 systems, which are the introduction, locomotor system, digestive system, respiratory system, urinary system, reproductive system, endocrine system, circulatory system, sensory organs and nervous system. The locomotor system is one of the nine systems, and emphasizes on some important joints, the main muscles, the landmarks of bones, muscles and skin in order to serve the other subjects such as Acupuncture Location and Tuina.