**正常人体学（一）（01.115.6.3）**

正常人体学是正常人体解剖学、组织胚胎学和生理学三合一的教学改革课程，其研究正常人体形态结构及生理功能，是一门重要的医学基础课程 , 为非医专业学生的必修课。正常人体学分为（一）、（二）两门课。本课程为正常人体学（一），内容包括绪论、细胞和基本组织、血液、运动系统、呼吸系统、消化系统、泌尿系统和生殖系统。要求学生通过本课程的学习，掌握细胞和基本组织、血液的结构与功能，并掌握人体各系统的器官组成以及主要器官的位置、形态、大体结构、微细结构及生理功能，为学习后期基础课程如疾病学基础等奠定基础。

Normal anthroposomatology is the trinity teaching reform curriculum of normal human anatomy, histology and embryology, and physiology, it is the study of the normal body morphology, general structure, microstructure and related physiological functions of human body, it is an important basic and compulsory course for non-medical students.Normal anthroposomatology is divided into two courses, this is the I. It contents introduction, cells and basic tissues, blood, kinetic system, respiratory system, digestive system, urinary system and reproductive system. For Normal anthroposomatologyI, students are required to master the microstructuresand functions of cells, basic tissues and blood, and the components of each system of human body, and the location, morphology, general structures, microstructures and related physiological functions of the main organs, which would provid fund of knowledge for learning other basic courses, such as nosography, etc.